



Form C - Analysis

Name	<input type="text"/>	
Date of Birth	<input type="text"/>	Date of Death <input type="text"/>
Date of Review	<input type="text"/>	
Professionals Present	<input type="text"/>	Apologies <input type="text"/>

List of documents available for the discussion

Case summary

A few paragraphs at most: a summary of the background and a factual description of events leading up to death. This should be as short as possible

Issues identified in the review

List the issues identified by the review group. This list may include the absence of certain key persons from the discussion or the lack of key documents

Learning points

List the learning points that emerge. These may well overlap with the issues and with recommendations

Recommendations

List any recommendations, even if already picked up as learning points or 'issues'

Follow up plans for the family, where relevant

Possible actions

Should this death be referred to another agency or Authority (eg Police, Coroner, Health and Safety Executive, Serious Case Review committee) for further investigation or enquiry? If so, please state:

- Yes
- No
- Already done

The Local Case Discussion panel should analyse any relevant environmental, extrinsic, medical or personal factors that may have contributed to the child's death under the headings below:

For each of the four domains below, determine different levels of influence for any identified factors:

- 0 – Information not available
- 1 – No factors identified or factors identified that are unlikely to have contributed to the death
- 2 – Factors identified that may have contributed to vulnerability, ill-health or death
- 3 – Factors identified that provide a complete and sufficient explanation for the death

Domain

Relevance

Factors intrinsic to the child:

Include any known health needs; factors influencing health; development/educational issues; behavioural issues; social relationships; identity and independence; abuse of drugs or alcohol

Factors in the parenting capacity

Include issues around provision of basic care; health care (including antenatal care where relevant); safety; emotional warmth; stimulation; guidance and boundaries; stability; parental abuse of drugs or alcohol

Factors in the family and environment:

Include family structure and functioning; strengths and difficulties; wider family relationships; housing; employment and income; social integration and support; community resources

Factors in relation to service provision and need:

Include any identified service needs; any gaps between needs and provision; any issues in relation to service provision

The panel should categorise the 'preventability' of the death – tick one box.

Preventable	Identifiable failures in the child's direct care by any agency, including parents; latent, organisational, systemic or other indirect failure(s) within one or more agency	
Potentially preventable	Potentially modifiable factors extrinsic to the child	
Not preventable	Death caused by intrinsic or extrinsic factors, with no identified modifiable factors	
	Inadequate information upon which to make a judgement. NB this category should be used very rarely indeed.	

The Local Case Discussion panel should categorise the death using the following scheme.

This classification is hierarchical: where more than one category could reasonably be applied, the highest up the list should be marked.

Category	Name & description of category	Tick box below
1	<p>Deliberately inflicted injury, abuse or neglect</p> <p>This includes suffocation, shaking injury, knifing, shooting, poisoning & other means of probable or definite homicide; also deaths from war, terrorism or other mass violence; includes severe neglect leading to death.</p>	
2	<p>Suicide or deliberate self-inflicted harm</p> <p>This includes hanging, shooting, self-poisoning with paracetamol, death by self-asphyxia, from solvent inhalation, alcohol or drug abuse, or other form of self-harm. It will usually apply to adolescents rather than younger children.</p>	
3	<p>Trauma and other external factors</p> <p>This includes isolated head injury, other or multiple trauma, burn injury, drowning, unintentional self-poisoning in pre-school children, anaphylaxis to drugs or venoms, & other extrinsic factors. Excludes Deliberately inflicted injury (category 1).</p>	
4	<p>Malignancy</p> <p>Solid tumours, leukaemias & lymphomas, and malignant proliferative conditions such as histiocytosis, even if the final event leading to death was infection, haemorrhage etc.</p>	
5	<p>Acute medical or surgical condition</p> <p>For example, Kawasaki disease, acute nephritis, intestinal volvulus, diabetic ketoacidosis, acute asthma, intussusception, appendicitis; sudden unexpected deaths with epilepsy.</p>	
6	<p>Chronic medical condition</p> <p>For example, Crohn's disease, liver disease, neurodegenerative disease, immune deficiencies, cystic fibrosis, even if the final event leading to death was infection, haemorrhage etc. Includes cerebral palsy with clear post-perinatal cause.</p>	
7	<p>Chromosomal, genetic and congenital anomalies</p> <p>Trisomies, other chromosomal disorders, single gene defects (other than diseases categorised above), and other congenital anomalies including cardiac.</p>	
8	<p>Perinatal/neonatal event</p> <p>Death ultimately related to perinatal events, eg sequelae of prematurity, antepartum and intrapartum anoxia, bilirubin encephalopathy, bronchopulmonary dysplasia, post-haemorrhagic hydrocephalus, irrespective of age at death. It includes cerebral palsy without evidence of cause, and includes congenital or early-onset bacterial infection (onset in the first postnatal week).</p>	
9	<p>Infection</p> <p>Any primary infection (ie, not a complication of one of the above categories), arising after the first postnatal week, or after discharge home from hospital of a preterm baby. This would include septicaemia, pneumonia, meningitis, HIV infection etc.</p>	
10	<p>Sudden unexpected, unexplained death</p> <p>Where the pathological diagnosis is either 'SIDS' or 'unascertained', at any age. Excludes SUDEP (category 5).</p>	